

K.S. Bobrinev

BIOGRAPHY OF IVAN YAKOVLEVICH VRACHEV AS AN EXAMPLE OF SOCIAL MOBILITY IN REVOLUTIONARY RUSSIA IN 1917

More than one study has been published in Russian and, to a lesser extent, foreign historiography on the changes in the social stratification of Russian and then Soviet society as a result of the two revolutions of 1917. However, the vast majority of works present a general picture of transformations. This article aims, in addition to highlighting unpublished moments of the biography of the famous revolutionary I.Ya. Vacheva, to demonstrate an extremely high level of social mobility, fully consistent with the line from the International: "Who was nobody – he will become everything!".

Key words: I.Y. Vrachev, revolution in Voronezh province, Military Revolutionary Committee, Revkom, social stratification, social mobility.

V.V. Gagin

**THREE STAGES OF THE BEGINNING OF A NEW ERA IN AVIATION – BECOMING
ON THE WING OF THE “WHITE SWAN” OF THE TU-160 STRATEGIC MISSILE
CARRIER**

Like the creation of all outstanding models in the field of science and technology, the process of designing, building and transferring to the troops, the development of the Tu-160 was progressing with great difficulties, the need to solve thousands of scientific, technical, military and organizational, as well as personnel problems – the solution of such a complex of problems against the background of an acute military-political confrontation between the USSR and the USA was within the power of only military leaders of the highest standard – both commander and human. In order to speed up all work on the transfer of the first copies of the Tu-160 aircraft, it was decided to master them immediately during military tests, when ordinary combat pilots and navigators – senior lieutenants and captains – became test pilots. This required enormous efforts and dedication from them.

Key words: aviation strategic nuclear component, Tu-160 bomber, Hero of Russia P.S. Deinekin, history of the 184th heavy bomber aviation regiment, «White Swan», strategic missile carrier, aircraft designer A.S. Moskalov, Tu-22M3 «Backfire», 37th Air Army of the Supreme High Command, Long-Range Aviation.

M.S. Dzyruk

AN UNUSUAL OFFER RECEIVED BY A RUSSIAN NAVAL AGENT IN AUSTRIA-HUNGARY

The work of naval agents of the Russian Empire in Austria-Hungary was diverse, including intelligence activities, industrial espionage, open contacts with equipment manufacturers, and official contacts with representatives of foreign states. In the course of this work, agents sometimes received extremely unusual offers. As an example, we can cite an extract from a report dated January 1912 with a proposal to outbid warships.

Key words: Russian Empire, Austria-Hungary, Osman Empire, Turkey, Great Britain, Naval agent, Navy, dreadnought, destroyer

A.M. Ipatov, O.A. Gorbunov

ON THE ISSUE OF ASSESSMENTS OF THE SOVIET UNION BY A.I. DENIKIN

The article is devoted to the analysis of the assessments that one of the most authoritative representatives of the Russian military emigration in Europe, the former commander-in-chief of the Volunteer Army, General A.I. Denikin, expressed in his public speeches, correspondence and journalistic works in relation to the Soviet Union. Until the end of his days, remaining a convinced patriot, for whom participation in any anti-Russian actions was categorically unacceptable, he continued to be a consistent opponent of the Soviet government, did not tire of criticizing and hoped for its collapse in the future and the revival of national Russia. Studying Denikin's views allows us to expand the understanding of how the USSR was perceived among Russian emigrants of the first wave.

Key words: A.I. Denikin, Soviet Union, historical Russia, emigration, estimates, Bolsheviks.

V.D. Kukoba

**THE SPECIAL ROLE OF SEVASTOPOL AS A STRATEGIC Foothold OF RUSSIA
IN THE BLACK SEA**

This article deals with the positive results of the annexation of the Crimean Peninsula to the territories of the Russian Empire. This process was started back in the XVIII century. The formation of the base of the Black Sea Navy of Russia and Sevastopol as its key point has been going on since the same period. This fortress city and port city is becoming a symbol and the main outpost of the Russian Black Sea Fleet

Key words: Sevastopol, Crimea, Grigory Potemkin, Catherine II, Taman, Kucuk-Kaynardzhi Peace Treaty, Taman, Kuban, Turkey.

A.D. Konnov, V.A. Rusikov

TRAINING OF TEACHERS FOR CADET SCHOOLS IN RUSSIA

The article presents the features of recruitment and training of teachers cadets of cadet schools in Russia. The training and selection of teachers here had their own peculiarities. At the same time, the directions of this work made it possible to qualitatively transfer the cadet schools to the curricula of military schools. Therefore, the article is of practical importance for understanding the measures taken to improve the training of Russian military pedagogical personnel in modern conditions.

Key words: teaching staff, cadet schools, cadets, academic subjects, military commissions, full-time teachers, teachers for hire, tests for the right to teach, subjects of study, remuneration system

E.Yu. Nazarenko

**VORONEZH AT THE INITIAL STAGE OF THE CIVIL WAR IN RUSSIA:
LATE 1917-EARLY 1918**

The article examines how the events of the initial stage of the Russian Civil War (late 1917 - early 1918) influenced the political situation, social life and everyday life in the city of Voronezh. At this stage Voronezh did not become a battle arena. However, the proximity to the Don Army Region, which became the center of anti-Bolshevik resistance, could not but influence the life in the city. The first consequence of this circumstance was that Voronezh became one of the centers for the formation of the First Southern Army to fight the White Cossacks. Another important factor in the social life of Voronezh was the movement through the city of armed echelons of Cossacks returning from the fronts of the First World War to their native places. An important task for the Soviet authorities in Voronezh was to disarm these echelons.

Key words: World War I, Civil War, Cossacks, Bolsheviks, Red Guard, disarmament

V.G. Shatkov

**SOME ASPECTS OF PREPARATION FOR THE AZOV CAMPAIGNS OF 1695-1696
BASED ON THE MATERIALS OF THE VORONEZH CHANCELLERY HOUSE:
SUPPLY, MOBILIZATION OF SERVICE PEOPLE AND ORGANIZATION OF
SHIPBUILDING**

The article covers some aspects of preparation for the first and second campaigns to Azov of Peter I, associated with the Voronezh region. Based on the documents of the Voronezh chancellery house, numerical data on the supply of provisions to the Russian army are analyzed, the composition of the provisions provided is considered and an attempt is made to calculate the norms of provision of one soldier with food. Assumptions are made about the composition of the service population of the Voronezh district involved in the campaign against the Crimean Tatars in the Dnieper region, and data is provided on the preparation of boats for transporting troops participating in the first Azov campaign of 1695.

Key words: Azov campaigns, Peter I, Voronezh region, Belgorod line, service people, supply of troops.

G.I. Shishlyannikova

CRIMEA IS A FAVORITE VACATION SPOT OF EMPEROR NICHOLAS II AND HIS FAMILY

The article examines the history of the construction and reconstruction of the Livadia Palace, a favorite vacation spot of the last representatives of the imperial family. Nikolai Alexandrovich and his wife Alexandra Feodorovna considered this palace a special place, because it was here that their family life began. On their initiative, a new majestic palace was created. In general, Crimea is a separate page in the history of the life and work of the last monarch. Nicholas II was very fond of visiting the peninsula, and he had many favorite places here. The last Romanovs made a huge contribution to the development of this territory, under their control various events were held here at the beginning of the twentieth century and hospitals for the sick were built.

Key words: reconstruction, architect, palace and park ensemble, Sevastopol, Livadia Palace, army, navy, residence.

D.V. Shchukin, A.A. Ryabova

**GENEALOGICAL FAMILY TREE: PRACTICE OF PERSONAL CREATION
EXPERIENCE IN THE CONDITION OF RESEARCH METHODS AND INTERACTIVE
RESOURCES**

The article is devoted to the study of current methods and resources used in compiling family trees. The article examines both traditional and modern approaches to creating and visualizing a family tree, paying special attention to the practice of using digital tools and interactive platforms. The author shares personal experience and describes the main stages of the process of creating a family tree, starting with searching for archival documents and ending with the use of specialized programs and online services. As a result of the study, a conclusion was made about the significance and advantages of integrating interactive technologies into the practice of genealogical research, as well as the importance of preserving the cultural and historical heritage of the family in the context of the general history of the country.

Key words: history, family, genealogical research, ancestors, family tree, documents, Internet resources.

K.A. Yuriev

**GERMAN NATURALIST AND TRAVELER IN RUSSIAN SERVICE S. G. GMELIN
ABOUT OSTROGOZHSK AND ITS DISTRICT**

This work examines the memoirs of the German naturalist and traveler in Russian service, Samuil Gmelin, who visited the city of Ostrogozhsk and its district in 1769. These memoirs are notable for the traveler's special viewpoint, as well as some unique episodes.

Key words: Samuil Gmelin, Ostrogozhsk, Divnogorye, Uryv, Ribensdorf, Korotoyak.

D.O. Denisov, G.V. Maksimenko

THE IMPORTANCE OF THE SOCIAL TEACHING OF THE RUSSIAN ORTHODOX CHURCH IN UNDERSTANDING THE PROCESSES OF GLOBALIZATION

The social teaching of the Russian Orthodox Church is analyzed regarding the understanding and interpretation of the essential dimension of the spiritual nature of society, man and the meaning of social existence in the context of religion. The main directions of activity of Russian Orthodoxy are defined: preaching, worship, education, science, social service, Church education and the influence of the Orthodox Church on the formation of public consciousness based on the spiritual ideals and moral values of Christianity. The dialogue between secular and ecclesiastical science in understanding the global challenges of modern civilization is substantiated.

It is indicated that an important task of conceptualizing the integration development of social teaching is the specification of theoretical provisions in the context of certain spheres of public life among which stand out the problems of geopolitics, culture, history and dialogue between the Church, state and society.

Key words: social teaching, Church, man, society, solidarity, culture, history.

S.S. Dvoretzkiy, Y.V. Vlasova

THE CRISIS OF NATIONAL IDENTITY IN MODERN GEOPOLITICAL REALITIES

The article examines the socio-philosophical aspects of national identity in the light of modern problems of globalization. The criteria of self-identification of a person when relating himself to a specific ethnic group or nation are analyzed. Different approaches to the study of national identity are explored, such as constructivism, primordialism and instrumentalism. When studying such a phenomenon as cosmopolitanism, the authors come to the conclusion that such a phenomenon is ambiguous in modern geopolitical realities. It is concluded that national identity contributes to the formation of a national state, in which we find among its citizens both a well-formed sense of patriotism and love for the Motherland.

Key words: nation, ethnicity, identity crisis, national identity, self-identification, cosmopolitanism

S.A. Korshunova, D.Y. Dmitriev

**FORMATION OF A SOCIAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEM IN PLANNING A
TERRITORIAL DEVELOPMENT CONCEPT TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE
INTERESTS OF VARIOUS TARGET GROUPS**

The article is devoted to important aspects of creating a concept of territory development that have a communicative character. The article defines the concept of spatial development of regions as a system of strategic development of a specific territory capable of ensuring the realization of socio-economic rights of all population groups. The authors of the article note the existing problems of information interaction and suggest building a communication process with all target groups whose interests be affected during the planning of spatial development of Russian regions. The article concludes that an important stage in the development of the concept of territory development should be a properly structured communication strategy that will take into account the value and motivational attitudes of representatives of all target groups.

Key words: the concept of territory development, territorial planning, social communications, target groups, communicants, cluster approach

I.D. Chernousova, A.A. Chernousov

MODERN MEANING OF PATRIOTISM (SOCIO-PHILOSOPHICAL ASPECT)

The article examines patriotism as the most important moral value, the source of life of the people, the state, and the individual. The appeal to the problem of patriotism is caused primarily by the current state of our society, which is experiencing an increase in social, political and military tension. The development of the idea of patriotism in Russia is briefly shown. The main components of patriotism and its functions are revealed.

Key words: patriotism as a value of moral consciousness, sources of formation of patriotism, patriotic consciousness, patriotic attitude, patriotic activity, functions of patriotism.

N.E. Zhurbina, A.Y. Buluchevskaya

PEDRO SANCHEZ'S POLITICAL COURSE: PROBLEMS AND PROSPECTS

The article is devoted to the analysis of the political course of the Prime Minister of Spain, Pedro Sánchez, by comparing the politician's election promises with his actual activities during his first term at the head of the government. Thanks to content analyzes of the programs of the Spanish Socialist Workers' Party in 2019 and 2023, and event analysis of the real activities of the Prime Minister in 2019-2023, the author was able to assess the effectiveness of Pedro Sanchez's policies and describe the prospects for the development of Spain after Sanchez's re-election for a second term.

Key words: Pedro Sanchez, PSOE, Spain, political course, election program.

A.V. Pogorelsky

**PECULIARITIES OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE IDEOLOGY OF EUROSCEPTICS IN THE
FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY**

Euroscepticism as an ideology and practice, the essence of which is opposition to the European project, is the subject of increased attention from researchers. As a rule, Eurosceptics criticize EU institutions, the EU migration policy, common trade and monetary policy, foreign policy and security policy. Despite the fact that Germany retains the status of a Euro-optimistic country, German Eurosceptics are gaining strength and popularity. They have a significant impact on the political and social life of the country. On the one hand, their activities force the ruling parties to adjust their program provisions, on the other hand, they expand the boundaries of discussion of such “politically incorrect” issues as a strong German national state and migration.

Key words: European Union, Federal Republic of Germany, political ideology, Euroscepticism, «Alternative for Germany».